

The Main Stages of Improving the Quality of Educational Services in the Years of Independence of Uzbekistan

Babanazarova Sevara Abdinazarovna¹

Abstract

In this article , in order to ensure the development of education and science in our country, to fulfill a number of important and urgent tasks in this regard, it is necessary to pay due attention to talented young scientists, to create suitable conditions for them, and other issues.

Keywords: *educational services, quality of education, quality and effectiveness of education, personnel training, higher education, priorities, competitive environment, innovative areas , educational reforms.*

¹senior teacher of the Samarkand Institute of Economics and Service

President of the Republic of Uzbekistan, Shavkat Mirziyoev, - "From now on, the fullness of our markets will not be realized only due to black labor. If this situation continues, we may fall behind today's rapidly developing world," he said, noting that if we do not develop science now, we will not be able to reach the desired goal, and we will not be able to maintain prosperity in our country. In order to develop the field of science in our country, it is necessary to carry out huge organizational and economic measures. These tasks constitute the content of the third stage of educational reforms.

It is emphasized that in order to ensure the development of education and science in our country, and to fulfill several important and urgent tasks in this regard, it is necessary to pay due attention to talented young scientists along with scientific institutions, to create suitable conditions for them. Therefore, the head of our state pays special attention to education and science, among other areas of the economy, in the development programs of the country. Due to this, at this stage of education and science reform, the decrees and decisions of the President, as well as the State and regional programs developed on the basis of them, defined the tasks envisaged for the implementation of a number of organizational and economic activities.

The educational reforms implemented in our country are also implemented on the basis of specific programs. An example of this is the decree of the President of the Republic of Uzbekistan on October 8, 2019 "On approval of the concept of the development of the higher education system of the Republic of Uzbekistan until 2030" and its first annex "¹Concept of the development of the higher education system of the Republic of Uzbekistan until 2030". This decree and concept is a unique and historical document. Because, our country has defined long-term, urgent tasks for higher education institutions until 2030 and future plans. In addition to these, these historical documents defined the issue of increasing the level of coverage of school graduates with higher education institutions in our country by 50 percent, creating a healthy competitive environment in the field, and ²opening new higher education institutions, specialties, and directions.

In the years of independence, a lot of investment was spent on the development of the education system in our country. At the same time, based on the interests of Uzbekistan, world experience was also studied. In this regard, the first leader of our country said: "Today, which country has achieved high development - whether it is South Korea or Japan, whether it is European countries - it is necessary to study all this. There are no ideological restrictions for us in this regard. "The only ideology for us is the development of Uzbekistan, the prosperity of Uzbekistan, Uzbekistan not to be inferior to anyone else in the world ³," he said. Related work has been done in this regard as well.

At the second stage of the development of the field of educational services, it is necessary to train the young generation in our country to be physically healthy, spiritually mature and intellectually capable. In this process, along with raising the level of knowledge of young people, great attention was paid to their spiritual and moral aspects. As a result, many successes were

¹ Decree No. PF-5847 on approval of the concept of development of the higher education system of the Republic of Uzbekistan until 2030.

²In that place

³Karimov I.A. It is the highest happiness to serve in the way of the happiness, fortune and great future of our Motherland. - T.: "Uzbekistan" IMIU, 2015. - 235 p.

achieved in the formation of feelings of national pride and self-awareness in our youth. In the framework of these works, during the years 2007-2016, the work of organizing educational and cultural recreation of young people to develop professional skills and personal qualities of young people was consistently continued.

In the second stage of educational development, a number of State programs aimed at the development of continuous education for the implementation of priority tasks were adopted. In these programs, specific measures aimed at raising the physically healthy, intellectually mature - well-rounded generation, training personnel at the level of current requirements, further increasing and improving the quality of education, and improving the effectiveness of the work being carried out in the further strengthening of the material and technical base of educational institutions have been determined. This issue was implemented consistently on the scale of our country and in each of its regions.

the first President of the Republic of Uzbekistan said: "Construction, reconstruction and overhaul of educational institutions in the field of education in our country are being consistently continued. In 2014, more than 540 facilities, including 380 schools, more than 160 vocational colleges and academic lyceums, were completely renovated. About 550 billion soums were spent for these purposes. More than 120 billion soums of these funds were allocated to provide educational institutions with educational, laboratory and production equipment, computers and multimedia tools⁴. Also, significant work was done on the construction and reconstruction of several music and art schools, many children's sports facilities and providing them with all the necessary equipment. Because these issues were important in the formation of a mature, new, new generation according to its worldview.

Taking these into account, as stated by the President of the Republic of Uzbekistan Shavkat Mirziyoyev in his Address to the Oliy Majlis on January 24, 2020 "Starting from 2020, for the first time in our history, the system of preparing 6-year-old children for school will be introduced. 130 billion soums have been allocated from the budget for this, and private pre-school educational institutions are also directly involved in this process. In 2020, 36 new schools will be built and 211 will be renovated at the expense of 1.7 trillion soums allocated from the budget. Also 55 private school organize and their number is 141 it was shown that it will be delivered⁵. It can be seen from these that the education system has always been given serious attention in our country.

However, it should be recognized that the main lines of work aimed at improving the education sector during the years of independence were an experience for our country. This experiment did not fully justify itself, it did not fully correspond to our lifestyle and social situation. Because of this, despite the implementation of large-scale works, some shortcomings in the field of education have become visible. These were manifested in the following.

Firstly, in the field of education, especially in the system of higher education, the elements of corruption gradually entered and took a firm place in some educational institutions.

Secondly, where there is corruption, the standards of justice are violated and the quality of

⁴Karimov I.A. It is the highest happiness to serve in the way of the happiness, fortune and great future of our Motherland. - T.: "Uzbekistan" IMIU, 2015. - 235 p.

⁵ Address of the President of the Republic of Uzbekistan Shavkat Mirziyoyev to the Oliy Majlis on January 24, 2020. // "Khalk Sozi" newspaper. January 25, 2020. No. 19. 1-4 p.

education services decreases accordingly. This became evident in the second phase of educational reforms.

Thirdly, the work of intellectual property owners, especially professors, was not properly evaluated. As a result, many talented professors and teachers have left the education system for other fields.

Fourthly, the possibility of recruiting personnel to higher educational institutions has decreased. Due to the lack of enthusiasm of talented young people to work in the field, there was no opportunity to form professors and teachers on the basis of competition, and accordingly, there were some limitations in the issue of formation of mature personnel in the higher education system.

Fifth, the enrollment rate of school leavers in higher education was very low, even less than 10 percent. This situation led many of our youth to be "doomed to black labor".

Sixth, due to the low coverage of higher educational institutions, the issue of entering the ranks of students has become somewhat complicated. This situation caused the rise of corruption. No matter how difficult it is to get into a place where there is corruption, it has become easier for a student to study and graduate from a higher education institution. As a result, students mostly managed to get a diploma, although they did not receive enough knowledge.

Seventh, due to the fact that in the entry and study process, the test is mainly done by the test, the students tend to memorize the test. This has hindered the growth and development of their written and oral speech to a certain extent.

All existing shortcomings required the reform of the education system, and the third stage of reforms in this field began in 2017.

Today, the policy carried out in the field of education in our country began with a new content. All our achievements and shortcomings in the field are summarized, and large-scale work is being carried out to raise the field of education to a new level. In the Strategy of Actions for the development of the country for 2017-2021, developed and approved by the President of the Republic of Uzbekistan Sh.M. Mirziyoev, and in a number of subsequent decrees and decisions, this area is being fundamentally improved.

The ultimate goal of our country's development is to ensure human rights and interests, to create decent living conditions for our people, to improve the well-being, living standards and quality of the population, and to ensure that they live contentedly while ensuring their happiness today. The main goal of the large-scale reforms implemented in our country is aimed at these. A number of decrees and decisions of the President of our country on education are considered not only a logical continuation of these good works, but also a way to implement large-scale measures aimed at raising the quality of education to a higher level.

Currently, the system of educational services has taken a step in the direction of new quality. One of these new directions is aimed at further improvement of the continuing education system. In particular, along with issues such as improving preschool education, expanding children's coverage of this education, new development of secondary special vocational education, increasing the level of coverage with higher education, including the stage from higher education to post-secondary education. Conceptual directions for proceeding in an improved manner have been developed and are being implemented.