

Directions of Development of Attracting Investments to the Economy of Regions through Free Economic Zones

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Abstract

This article discusses the main aspects of the development of free economic zones (FEZ) in Uzbekistan with an emphasis on attracting investment projects. The key factors contributing to the successful integration of FEZ into the economic structure of the region are analyzed, as well as the main problems and challenges facing the implementation of this strategy are identified. The article emphasizes the importance of proper legislative regulation, the creation of a favorable investment environment and providing the necessary infrastructure. It also discusses the different types of investment projects, their characteristics, and the role of different actors in the investment process. The article is intended to contribute to the understanding of how it is possible to increase the efficiency of FEZ in Uzbekistan to attract investment and stimulate economic development.

Keywords: *free economic zone, investment projects, economic development, Uzbekistan, infrastructure, legislation, investment environment, investment risks, participants in the investment process, regional development, tax benefits, customs preferences.*

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Introduction

In the context of globalization and increased competition to attract investment, the countries of the world are actively looking for effective mechanisms to stimulate the economic development of their regions. Uzbekistan, seeking to diversify its economy and increase its competitiveness on the world stage, pays special attention to the development of free economic zones (FEZ) as one of the key tools for attracting foreign and domestic investment.

The creation of FEZ in Uzbekistan is aimed at stimulating the production of competitive products, the development of innovative technologies and the creation of new jobs. This, in turn, contributes to accelerating the economic growth of the regions, increasing their investment attractiveness and integration into the world economy.

The relevance of the topic is due to the need to further improve the mechanisms for attracting investments through FEZ in the conditions of Uzbekistan, as well as the search for optimal ways to develop this tool, taking into account the specifics of the regions and national characteristics of the country's economy.

This article is supposed to analyze the existing preferences and privileges of FEZ in Uzbekistan, identify the main problems and prospects for the development of the system for attracting investment projects, as well as propose ways to improve this tool for sustainable economic development of the country's regions.

Free Economic Zones: Privileges and Preferences

Free economic zones (FEZ) in Uzbekistan are an instrument of state support and stimulation of economic activity in certain regions. They are created with the aim of attracting investment, boosting industrial production, creating new jobs and improving the economic climate as a whole.

FEZs are defined as territories with special conditions for doing business, where simplified tax and customs procedures are in place. This contributes to the creation of a favorable investment climate and stimulates the development of the economy.

The objectives of SEZs are closely related to the need to diversify the economy, increase its competitiveness and integrate into the world economy. The main tasks of the FEZ include:

- 1. Attraction of investments:** SEZs are created to attract both foreign and domestic investors by providing tax incentives and simplifying administrative procedures.
- 2. Development of industry and technology:** SEZs contribute to the creation of new high-tech industries and the introduction of innovations.
- 3. Creation of new jobs:** Business development in FEZ leads to the creation of new jobs and a decrease in the unemployment rate in the region.
- 4. Increasing the competitiveness of the economy:** SEZs contribute to improving the business climate, increasing production efficiency and contributing to economic growth.

List of benefits and preferences provided to FEZ participants

FEZ participants in Uzbekistan enjoy a number of preferences and benefits aimed at stimulating investment activity and business development. Key benefits include:

1. **Tax Benefits:** Reduced income tax rates, property tax exemptions, value-added tax incentives and other tax preferences.
2. **Customs privileges:** Exemption from customs duties and taxes on imported equipment and raw materials necessary for the implementation of investment projects.
3. **Administrative simplifications:** Speeding up the procedures for obtaining permits, licenses and other necessary documents for doing business.
4. **Support at the state level:** Providing information, consulting and organizational support to FEZ participants.

These benefits and preferences create favorable conditions for business development, attracting investment and stimulating economic growth in the regions of Uzbekistan.

The Role of Legislation and Regulatory Framework in the Regulation of FEZ Activities

Legislation and regulatory framework play a key role in regulating the activities of free economic zones (FEZs) in Uzbekistan. They determine the legal framework for the functioning of the FEZ, establish the procedure for granting benefits and preferences, and also regulate the relations between the FEZ participants and state bodies.

The main regulations governing the activities of FEZs in Uzbekistan include laws, presidential decrees, government decisions, as well as regulations of local authorities. These documents determine the procedure for the creation, operation and liquidation of the FEZ, as well as establish the basic requirements for FEZ participants and the conditions for granting them benefits and preferences.

Examples of specific tax and customs exemptions

1. **Income tax:** FEZ participants may be exempt from income tax for a certain period (for example, for the first 5 years of activity), and after this period, a preferential tax rate applies.
2. **Property tax:** Property located on the territory of the FEZ can be exempted from property tax.
3. **Value Added Tax (VAT):** Import of equipment, raw materials and materials for the needs of projects in the FEZ can be exempt from VAT.
4. **Customs duties:** FEZ participants may be exempt from customs duties on imported equipment, raw materials and materials.
5. **Simplification of customs procedures:** The ability to speed up customs procedures, which reduces the time and cost of processing the necessary documents.

These benefits and preferences help reduce costs for FEZ participants, increase their competitiveness and stimulate the attraction of investments in the economy of Uzbekistan.

Improving the system of attracting investment projects

Investment projects are a key element in the strategy for the development of free economic zones (FEZs) in Uzbekistan, contributing to economic prosperity, creating new jobs and strengthening infrastructure. They provide an inflow of capital, both local and foreign, which, in turn, stimulates economic activity and improves the region's competitiveness in the international arena.

The implementation of large investment projects entails the creation of new jobs, which has a positive effect on the level of employment and well-being. In addition, investment projects often require the construction of new roads, energy facilities, and communications, which in turn contributes to the improvement of infrastructure in the region.

Analysis of problems and challenges related to infrastructure and implementation of investment projects

An integral part of the process of implementing investment projects in FEZ is overcoming various infrastructure and organizational problems. Insufficient development of the transport network, lack of sufficient energy resources and communication systems can seriously impede access to FEZs and increase logistics costs.

In order to meet these challenges, it is necessary to focus on the construction and modernization of infrastructure, the provision of reliable energy supply and the development of communication technologies. It is also important to pay attention to the creation of a favourable investment climate, the simplification of administrative procedures and the provision of legal protection for investors.

Special attention should be paid to attracting foreign investment and developing human capital, which will contribute to accelerating the pace of economic development and increasing the competitiveness of the region.

Thus, an integrated approach to solving infrastructure problems and creating favorable conditions for investment will maximize the positive impact of investment projects on the development of FEZ in Uzbekistan.

Different Types and Characteristics of Investment Projects

Investment projects implemented in the free economic zones of Uzbekistan can be classified according to various criteria, which allows taking into account their specifics in planning and management.

Industrial projects are aimed at creating or modernizing production facilities. They require significant capital investment, but in the long run, they can provide a stable income.

Agricultural projects include the development of the agricultural sector, increasing yields and introducing innovative technologies.

Tourism projects are aimed at attracting tourists, developing recreation and accommodation infrastructure.

Infrastructure projects include the construction of roads, bridges, energy facilities, and other facilities necessary to ensure the normal functioning of the economy.

Innovative and technological projects are aimed at the development and implementation of new technologies, the creation of innovative products and services.

The Importance of Considering Risk When Investing in Different Types of Projects

Investing in any type of project is associated with certain risks. Taking these risks into account is an integral part of the investment process and helps to minimize possible losses and increase the chances of success.

Financial risks are associated with the possibility of losing invested funds due to unforeseen

circumstances or improper project management.

Market risks are associated with changes in the market that may affect the demand and prices of the project's products or services.

Operational risks are associated with the internal processes of the project, such as production, logistics, and personnel management.

Legal and regulatory risks are associated with possible changes in legislation that may affect the project's activities.

Environmental risks are related to the environmental impact of a project and the possible consequences for the ecosystem.

Understanding and managing these risks allows investors and project participants to make informed decisions, minimize possible losses, and increase the chances of success of the investment project.

Discussion

Participation in investment projects is a complex process that requires the interaction of many parties, each of which contributes to the successful implementation of the project. In the context of free economic zones, this process becomes even more significant, since attracting investment is a key factor in development.

The relationships between project participants are characterized by a complex network of interconnections, where each participant seeks to realize his or her own interests, while at the same time contributing to the overall success of the project. The state plays a special role here, creating favorable conditions for investors and providing legal support for the project.

At the same time, it is necessary to take into account that each project carries certain risks, and success largely depends on how effectively participants can minimize them. It is important to be aware that risks can arise at different stages of the project, from the preliminary analysis to the operational period.

At the same time, participation in investment projects opens up new opportunities and prospects for development for participants. By creating favorable conditions for investment, the state contributes to the attraction of new technologies, the creation of jobs and the acceleration of economic growth in the region.

In order to maximize the benefits of participating in a project and minimize potential risks, participants need to develop and follow clear strategies based on in-depth market analysis and careful planning. Only in this way can sustainable development and long-term success of the project be achieved.

Conclusion

In the course of our discussion, we considered various aspects of attracting investment in the economy of the regions through free economic zones (FEZ) in the context of Uzbekistan. We identified the key aspects that play a crucial role in the successful implementation of investment projects and discussed how the state and other actors can contribute to this process.

SEZs are a powerful economic policy tool aimed at attracting investment, creating jobs and stimulating economic growth. They offer unique conditions for business, including tax incentives

and simplified customs procedures, which makes them attractive to investors.

However, the success of SEZs largely depends on the quality of infrastructure, legal support and management efficiency. It is also important to take into account the needs of the local population and to strive to create conditions for sustainable development.

In conclusion, the development of FEZ and attracting investment in the economy of the regions is a complex task that requires the concerted efforts of the state, business and society. It is only through cooperation and mutual understanding that success can be achieved and long-term economic growth and prosperity ensured.

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